TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Finance Town of Lebanon, Connecticut

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and the pension and OPEB schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2024, on our consideration of the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Lebanon, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut March 26, 2024

As management of the Town of Lebanon, we offer readers of the Town of Lebanon's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Lebanon for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal in the introductory section of this report, as well as the Town's basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- On a government-wide basis, the assets of the Town of Lebanon exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$51,220,646 (net position). Of this amount, \$12,447,770 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- On a government-wide basis, the government's total net position increased by \$352,981.
 Governmental and business-type activity expenses were \$34,938,151 while revenues were \$35,291,599.
- The total cost of all Town services for fiscal year 2023 was \$34,938,151 of which \$34,759,644 was for governmental services and \$178,507 was for business-type activities.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported, on a current resource basis, combined ending fund balances of \$15,543,022, an increase of \$431,481 from the prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance as of June 30, 2023, \$5,773,569 represents the combined unassigned fund balance in the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds and permanent funds.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance on a GAAP basis for the general fund alone was \$6,109,653 an increase of \$610,105 over the prior fiscal year. Unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$6,004,308 or 19.45% of general fund expenditures and transfers out. There was no restricted fund balance in the general fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Lebanon's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Lebanon's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. All of the resources available to the Town are shown, including major assets such as buildings and infrastructure. A thorough accounting of the cost of government is rendered because the statements present all costs, not just how much was collected and disbursed. They provide long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town of Lebanon's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. One can think of the Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the Town's financial health and financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Lebanon is improving or deteriorating. It addresses the question of whether or not the Town is better or worse off as a result of this year's activities.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Lebanon that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town of Lebanon encompass most of the Town's basic services and include general government, public safety, public works, health and social services, community preservation, recreation, education and other unclassified programs and activities. The business-type activities of the Town of Lebanon consist of benefit assessment activities of the Amston Lake Water Pollution Control Authority (the Authority). The Authority was established for the purpose of operating a sewerage system located around Amston Lake within the Town. The capital assets and long-term debt obligations are being accounted for within the WPCA assessment fund which is funded by the repayment of the benefit assessments which were assessed to all of the properties located along the sewage system along with a borrowed interest assessment. The operations of the Authority are being accounted for within the WPCA Operating fund (non-major governmental funds section of the financial statements).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Lebanon, like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Lebanon can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Lebanon maintains 29 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, ARPA and Capital Projects, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 26 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation under the caption "non-major governmental funds." Nonmajor governmental funds include Small Cities, Cemetery Lots, Adams Community center, Animal Control, Recreation Commission, Unimproved Roads, Town Improvement Fund, Warm Hearts, Public Library, Summer Dance Festival, Hugh Trumbull Adams, Senior Van Program, Town Grants, Emergency Management, Special Purpose Fund, Town Grants, Edward Jones Investments, Self-Funded Dental, BOE Grants, User Fees Amston Lake, Permanent Trust Funds, Library Renovations, Road and Bridges Improvements, BOE Non-Lapsing, BOE Student Activity, and the School Lunch Program. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the *form of combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Town of Lebanon adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this authorized budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits III-IV of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Lebanon maintains two proprietary funds. The *Enterprise fund* is used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Lebanon uses an enterprise fund to account for its Benefit Assessment activities of the Amston Lake Water Pollution Control Authority which is a major fund of the Town of Lebanon. The Town also utilizes an internal service fund (governmental activities) to account for the Self-funded Dental Plan.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits V-VIII of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town of Lebanon's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary activities of the Town are classified as custodial funds as they relate to a portion of the student activity accounts located at the Board of Education.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 28 of this report.

The combining statements and supplemental schedules referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 81 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a Town's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. Town of Lebanon's total assets exceeded liabilities by \$51,220,646 (net position) at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the Town of Lebanon's net position \$35,269,063 (68.9%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and infrastructure) less related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Town of Lebanon uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town of Lebanon's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		nmental vities		ss-Type vities	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 20,756,420 38,429,561	\$ 20,158,169 38,007,538	\$ 3,572,187 5,636,431	\$ 3,664,872 5,723,145	\$ 24,328,607 44,065,992	\$ 23,823,041 43,730,683		
Total Assets	59,185,981	58,165,707	9,208,618	9,388,017	68,394,599	67,553,724		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,837,394	1,640,535	-	-	1,837,394	1,640,535		
Current Liabilities	3,040,874	2,831,031	40,562	41,802	3,081,436	2,872,833		
Noncurrent Liabilities	9,469,560	9,832,049	3,610,975	3,721,326	13,080,535	13,553,375		
Total Liabilities	12,510,434	12,663,080	3,651,537	3,763,128	16,161,971	16,426,208		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,849,376	1,900,386	-	-	2,849,376	1,900,386		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	33,243,607	31,896,142	2,025,456	2,001,819	35,269,063	33,897,961		
Restricted	3,503,813	4,569,250	-	-	3,503,813	4,569,250		
Unrestricted	8,916,145	8,777,384	3,531,625	3,623,070	12,447,770	12,400,454		
Total Net Position	\$ 45,663,565	\$ 45,242,776	\$ 5,557,081	\$ 5,624,889	\$ 51,220,646	\$ 50,867,665		

An additional portion of the Town of Lebanon's total net position, 6.8% or \$3,503,813, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$12,447,770 is *unrestricted net position* and may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

For governmental activities, at the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Lebanon is able to report an increased balance in unrestricted net position, an increase in net investment in capital assets and a decrease in restricted net position.

For business-type activities, at the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Lebanon reports an increase in net investment in capital assets, and a decrease in unrestricted net position.

The Town of Lebanon's overall net position increased \$352,981 from the prior fiscal year. The major changes in revenues and expenses creating this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities increased the Town of Lebanon's net position by \$420,789 and business-type activities decreased by \$67,808.

	Governmental Activities					Busines Activ	ss-Ty ⁄ities	ре	Total			
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Revenues:												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services	\$	2,583,485	\$	1,956,318	\$	103,897	\$	58,900	\$	2,687,382	\$	2,015,218
Operating Grants and												
Contributions		11,237,260		10,055,989		-		-		11,237,260		10,055,989
Capital Grants and												
Contributions		24,000		1,467,857		-		-		24,000		1,467,857
General Revenues:												
Property Taxes		20,501,917		19,700,814		-		-		20,501,917		19,700,814
Grants and Contributions Not												
Restricted to Specific Programs		378,083		234,157		-		-		378,083		234,157
Investment Income		441,426		(15,456)		6,802		3,429		448,228		(12,027)
Miscellaneous		14,262		_		_				14,262		
Total Revenues		35,180,433		33,399,679		110,699		62,329		35,291,132		33,462,008
Expenses:												
General Government		2,709,076		2,326,446		-		-		2,709,076		2,326,446
Public Safety Services		954,387		831,872		-		-		954,387		831,872
Public Works		2,959,313		2,734,913		-		-		2,959,313		2,734,913
Education		27,335,700		25,647,246		-		-		27,335,700		25,647,246
Health & Social		337,488		339,677		-		-		337,488		339,677
Community Preservation		390,757		236,993		-		-		390,757		236,993
Interest Expense		72,923		15,146		91,793		94,516		164,716		109,662
Sewer Fund		-		-		86,714		86,714		86,714		86,714
Total Expenses		34,759,644		32,132,293		178,507		181,230		34,938,151		32,313,523
Change in Net Position		420,789		1,267,386		(67,808)		(118,901)		352,981		1,148,485
Net Position - July 1		45,242,776	_	43,975,390		5,624,889		5,743,790		50,867,665		49,719,180
Net Position - June 30	\$	45,663,565	\$	45,242,776	\$	5,557,081	\$	5,624,889	\$	51,220,646	\$	50,867,665

Governmental Activities

For governmental activities, approximately 58.3% of the revenues were derived from property taxes, followed by 41.7% in all other intergovernmental revenues. These numbers reflect a decrease in property tax revenues and an increase in intergovernmental revenue as compared to the prior fiscal year where property taxes were 59% and other intergovernmental revenues were 41% of total revenues.

Major revenue factors included:

- 1. *Property tax revenues* recorded during fiscal year 2023 reflect a .1 increase in the mill rate for the current levy and an impact of a 3.69% increase in the grand list. There was an increase of \$801,103 in property tax revenues collected over the previous year.
- 2. Charges for services were \$627,167 more than the prior year. The most significant increases were general government, public safety services and education.
- 3. Operating grants reflected an increase of \$1,181,271 mainly due to an increase in educational grants.
- 4. Capital grants and contributions reflected a decrease of \$1,443,857 over the previous year due to one-time grants received for Goshen Hill Road Bridge, school technology, and the library renovation project.

Overall governmental revenues increased by \$1,780,754. This is mainly due to increased revenues in charges for services, operating grants and contributions, property taxes, and investment income and a decrease in capital grants and contributions.

For governmental activities, 78.64% of the Town's expenses relate to education, 8.51% to public works, 2.75% to public safety, 1.12% to community preservation, .02% to interest payments on long-term debt, 8.01% to general government and .97% to health and social.

The overall total of governmental expenses excluding transfers increased in the amount of \$2,627,351 with the biggest impacts resulting from an increase of \$1,688,454 in Education followed by \$382,630 in general government and \$224,400 in public works.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities revenue increased by \$48,370 for charges for services and interest expense decreased by \$2,723.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Lebanon uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Lebanon's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Lebanon's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Lebanon's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,543,022, an increase of \$431,481 from the previous year. The largest change in fund balance was a decrease in restricted fund balance for bonded capital projects, and an increase in unassigned in the General Fund and nonmajor governmental funds. *The general fund* balance increased by \$610,105.

The overall amount of the governmental fund balances totals up to \$15,543,022. Of that amount the non-spendable fund balance is \$398,518 which includes the principal portion of its permanent funds, inventories, and pre-paid expenditures. Restricted fund balance is \$1,896,310 which is restricted for a specific purpose (grants, special revenue funds, donations, housing rehabilitation fund etc.). Committed fund balance is \$7,474,625 which can only be used for a specific purpose, and the unassigned fund balance is \$5,773,569 which is the residual and is not restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Lebanon. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$6,004,308, while total fund balance was \$6,109,653. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 19.45% of total general fund expenditures including transfers out. Total fund balance represents 19.79% of that same amount. The unassigned portion of fund balance, when compared with unassigned last year portion for the general fund had increased by \$542,100 while the total fund balance increased by \$610,105.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights were:

- Overall the Town experienced an excess in revenues of \$900,112. Property tax collections were \$108,827 less than budgeted.
- Intergovernmental revenue for general government and education experienced an excess in revenues of \$138,324.
- Investment income exceeded the budget by \$252,692.
- Educational tuition also exceeded the budget by \$123,642.
- Charges for Services for general government and police services exceeded the budget by \$486,038.
- Total Expenditures were \$441,619 less than anticipated. Of this amount, \$71,811 was unexpended from General Government, \$191,776 from Public Works, \$40,905 from employee benefits, and \$112,255 contingency.

Highlights of Other Major Funds:

The Town of Lebanon began the construction phase of the Jonathan Trumbull Library renovation and expansion project. This project was originally voted on at referendum in 2015 and faced delays related to the legal issues with the ownership of the Town Green. Construction began in July 2021 and was completed in August 2022.

The Town of Lebanon was awarded \$2,114,270 under the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. The Board of Selectmen has sought to use ARPA funds primarily to make one-time investments in government services that will not generate significant new recurring expenses in future years. Some of those major projects include: Town wide radio upgrades, Town Hall Fiber installation, bleachers at the high school, HVAC for the town hall and fire safety complex, social services assistance, farmers market assistance, affordable senior housing feasibility study, updated phone systems, pavement management study, basketball court reconstruction, senior center efficiency lighting, financial software upgrade, fire safety complex roof fasteners and door replacements, community center renovations, and asbestos abatement at town hall.

Unassigned fund balance was utilized for two projects that were approved at Town Meetings in fiscal year 2023. Tree removal of \$300,000 was approved on November 14, 2022, and a new ambulance for \$450,000 was approved on February 6, 2023.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

TOWN OF LEBANON'S CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			•	To	otal	
	2023		2022		2023		2022	 2023		2022
Land	\$ 2,228,189	\$	2,228,189	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,228,189	\$	2,228,189
Construction in Progress	51,971		4,419,249		-		-	51,971		4,419,249
Buildings	20,972,734		16,746,261		-		-	20,972,734		16,746,261
Equipment	1,427,166		658,519		-		-	1,427,166		658,519
Vehicles	1,916,409		2,001,814		-		-	1,916,409		2,001,814
Infrastructure	11,833,092		11,953,506		-		-	11,833,092		11,953,506
Amston Lake Sewage System	 		_		5,636,431		5,723,145	5,636,431		5,723,145
Total	\$ 38,429,561	\$	38,007,538	\$	5,636,431	\$	5,723,145	\$ 44,065,992	\$	43,730,683

Capital Assets. The Town of Lebanon's investment in capital assets for its combined governmental and business-type assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, roads, rights of way, dams, bridges, and sewer lines. The total increase in the Town of Lebanon's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$335,309 or approximately .77%, with an increase of \$422,023 for governmental activities and a decrease of \$86,714 for business-type activities.

The Town's Governmental Activities type capital assets increase of \$422,023 is the net result of depreciation and deletions combined with the addition of the following assets:

Sasketball Court - Aspinal Field 105,478	Pavilion Roof – Aspinall Field	\$ 15,565
Fiber - Town Hall		
VOIP Phone System — Town Hall 10,180 Financial Software — Town Hall and BOE (Construction In Progress) 5,663		
Financial Software - Town Hall and BOE (Construction In Progress) 5,683		
Guard Shack - Transfer Station 6,952		
Roof - Community Center		
Library Renovations (Balance) 785,429 80dy Cameras – Police 37,758 37,758		
Body Cameras - Police		
Police Vehicle		
VOIP Phone System - Fire Safety Complex		
Roof Fastener Replacement - Fire Safety Complex (Construction In Progress) 10,815 27 Breathing Apparatus and RIT's (Balance) - Fire Department 347,935 Compressor for SCBA - Fire Department 88,477 Lucas Device w/Accessories - Ambulance 18,830 Over the Rail Mower - Public Works 100,994 Cirus Devices in DPW trucks 15,459 Guideralis - Public Works 51,965 Randall Road Bridge - Public Works 88,367 Smith Road Culvert - Public Works 12,984 Chappell Road - Public Works 18,188 Tobacco Street Bridge - Public Works 18,188 Tobacco Street Bridge - Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Bucket Truck - Public Works 7,807 Bucket Truck - Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System - WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetry Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement - LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift - BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers - LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers - BOE 149,465 Smartboards - BOE 149,465 Smartboards - BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement - LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating - LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement - LMS 9,673 Bleachers - LMHS 9,673 Bleachers - LMHS 9,673 Bleachers - LMHS 9,673 Bleachers - LMHS 18,258 Aerator - Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky - BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower - BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building - BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher - BOE 42,983		
27 Breathing Apparatus and RIT's (Balance) – Fire Department 347,935 Compressor for SCBA – Fire Department 86,477 Lucas Device W/Accessories – Ambulance 18,830 Over the Rail Mower – Public Works 100,994 Cirus Devices in DPW trucks 15,459 Guiderails – Public Works 88,367 Smith Road Bridge – Public Works 88,367 Smith Road Culvert – Public Works 12,984 Chappell Road – Public Works 18,188 Tobacco Street Bridge – Public Works 32,213 Goshen Hill Bridge (Balance) – Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 7,807 Bucket Truck – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750		
Compressor for SCBA – Fire Department 86,477 Lucas Device w/Accessories – Ambulance 18,830 Over the Rail Mower – Public Works 100,994 Cirus Devices in DPW trucks 15,459 Guideralls – Public Works 51,965 Randall Road Bridge – Public Works 88,367 Smith Road Culvert – Public Works 12,984 Chappell Road – Public Works 18,188 Tobacco Street Bridge – Public Works 3,213 Goshen Hill Bridge (Balance) – Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 7,807 Bucket Truck – Public Works 7,307 Morth Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES		
Lucas Device w/Accessories – Ambulance 18,830 Over the Rail Mower – Public Works 100,994 Cirus Devices in DPW trucks 15,459 Guiderails – Public Works 51,965 Randall Road Bridge – Public Works 88,367 Smith Road Culvert – Public Works 12,984 Chappell Road – Public Works 18,188 Tobacco Street Bridge – Public Works 3,213 Goshen Hill Bridge (Balance) – Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 7,807 Bucket Truck – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES <		
Over the Rail Mower – Public Works 100,994 Cirus Devices in DPW trucks 15,459 Guiderails – Public Works 88,367 Smith Road Bridge – Public Works 12,984 Chappell Road – Public Works 18,188 Tobacco Street Bridge – Public Works 3,213 Goshen Hill Bridge (Balance) – Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 7,807 Bucket Truck – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,330 Computers – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Rorf Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258		
Guiderails – Public Works 51,965 Randall Road Bridge – Public Works 88,367 Smith Road Culvert – Public Works 12,984 Chappell Road – Public Works 18,188 Tobacco Street Bridge – Public Works 3,213 Goshen Hill Bridge (Balance) – Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 9,673 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 10,480 60" Vertex Stand	Over the Rail Mower – Public Works	
Randall Road Bridge – Public Works 88,367 Smith Road Culvert – Public Works 12,984 Chappell Road – Public Works 3,213 Tobacco Street Bridge – Public Works 3,213 Goshen Hill Bridge (Balance) – Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 7,807 Bucket Truck – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LBS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE	Cirus Devices in DPW trucks	15,459
Smith Road Culvert – Public Works 12,984 Chappell Road – Public Works 18,188 Tobacco Street Bridge – Public Works 3,213 Goshen Hill Bridge (Balance) – Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 7,807 Bucket Truck – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE	Guiderails – Public Works	51,965
Chappell Road – Public Works 18,188 Tobacco Street Bridge – Public Works 3,213 Goshen Hill Bridge (Balance) – Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 87,375 Bucket Truck – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,805 <td>Randall Road Bridge – Public Works</td> <td>88,367</td>	Randall Road Bridge – Public Works	88,367
Tobacco Street Bridge - Public Works 3,213 Goshen Hill Bridge (Balance) - Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) - Public Works 87,375 Bucket Truck - Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System - WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement - LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift - BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers - LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers - BOE 149,465 Smartboards - BOE 149,465 Smartboards - BOE 13,825 Scoreboard - LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras - BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement - LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating - LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement - LMS 9,673 Bleachers - LMHS 18,258 Aerator - Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky - BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower - BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building - BOE 64,372	Smith Road Culvert – Public Works	12,984
Goshen Hill Bridge (Balance) – Public Works 16,477 Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 7,807 Bucket Truck – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,701 50" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curricullum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dish		18,188
Wood Chip Box - Public Works 10,000 Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 7,807 Bucket Truck – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983 </td <td></td> <td>3,213</td>		3,213
Temporary Salt Shed (balance) – Public Works 7,807 Bucket Truck – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		16,477
Bucket Truck – Public Works 87,375 Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		
Improvements to Sewer System – WPCA 32,379 North Lebanon Cemetery Stonewall 30,000 Exhaust Fan replacement – LMHS 5,103 Scissor Lift – BOE 11,809 Pave Walkway to Bleachers – LMHS 8,500 Asbestos Abatement - BOE 21,300 Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		•
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Computers – BOE 149,465 Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		,
Smartboards – BOE 13,825 Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		
Scoreboard – LMHS 7,714 Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		
Security Cameras – BOE 25,352 Water Heater Replacement – LES 8,750 Baseboard Heating – LES 5,196 Roof Top Unit Replacement – LMS 9,673 Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		,
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Bleachers – LMHS 18,258 Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE 5,701 Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		
Aerator – Walk Behind Dual Hydro with Stringer Ride on Sulky – BOE5,701Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE5,80560" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE10,480Lancaster Pole Building – BOE64,372Curriculum Software – BOE13,205Hobart Dishwasher – BOE42,983		
Spreader with Super Seeder – BOE 5,805 60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		
60" Vertex Stand on Mower – BOE 10,480 Lancaster Pole Building – BOE 64,372 Curriculum Software – BOE 13,205 Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		
Lancaster Pole Building – BOE64,372Curriculum Software – BOE13,205Hobart Dishwasher – BOE42,983		
Curriculum Software – BOE13,205Hobart Dishwasher – BOE42,983		
Hobart Dishwasher – BOE 42,983		

Business-type activities decreased by \$86,714 due to the net effect of depreciation. There were no additional assets for Business-type Activities.

Additional information on the Town of Lebanon's capital assets can be found in Note 3C on pages 41-44 of this report.

Long-Term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Lebanon had total bonded debt outstanding of \$8,580,975, all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. Of this debt, \$3,610,975 is related to the sewer installation, \$2,100,000 is for Roads and Bridges, and \$3,225,000 is for the Library expansion project.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ times total tax collections including interest and lien fees and the tax relief for the elderly freeze grant. The current debt limitation for the Town of Lebanon is \$59,317,962 which is significantly in excess of the Town of Lebanon's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town of Lebanon's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E on pages 45-47 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2024 budget. The relatively low ratio of commercial to residential property places a high burden on the residential taxpayer. The town continues to seek opportunities to relieve this burden through minimal fees and seek grant applications whenever possible.

The final adopted budget was approved at the Annual Town Meeting on May 1, 2023, for fiscal year 2023-2024 in the amount of \$28,747,242, a total increase of 4.91%. The major increases were Town Operations, Capital and Non-Recurring, and Education.

The property tax revenue increase needed was 5.04% from the previous year to fund this budget. The mill rate for the Town reflected a .5 mill increase over the previous year. The 2022 Grand List increased by 3.2% due mainly in part to personal property assessments increasing up to 22%.

Lebanon's unemployment rate decreased from 4.0% as of June 2022 to 3.3% as of June 2023. The State of CT unemployment rate decreased from 4.0% (June 2022) to 3.4% as of June 2023.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Lebanon's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Town of Lebanon, 579 Exeter Road, Lebanon, CT 06249.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	G 	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	12,974,368	\$	1,444,533	\$	14,418,901
Investments		5,679,424		-		5,679,424
Accounts Receivable		2,441,439		47,381		2,488,820
Internal Balances		(445,693)		445,693		-
Other Assets		106,882		-		106,882
Current Portion of Assessment Receivable		-		208,434		208,434
Non-current Portion of Assessment Receivable		-		1,426,146		1,426,146
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable		2,280,160		-		2,280,160
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		36,149,401		5,636,431		41,785,832
Total Assets		59,185,981		9,208,618		68,394,599
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		826,150		-		826,150
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		1,011,244				1,011,244
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,837,394		-		1,837,394
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		513,529		_		513,529
Accrued Liabilities		115,855		_		115,855
Accrued Interest Payable		41,313		40,562		81,875
Unearned Revenue		1,822,021		-		1,822,021
Noncurrent Liabilities, Due Within One Year		548,156		113,110		661,266
Noncurrent Liabilities, Due in More Than One Year		9,469,560		3,497,865		12,967,425
Total Liabilities		12,510,434		3,651,537		16,161,971
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		1,764,315		_		1,764,315
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		188,685		_		188,685
Lease Related		308,988		_		308,988
Advance Property Tax Collections		587,388		_		587,388
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	2,849,376		-		2,849,376
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		33,243,607		2,025,456		35,269,063
Restricted for:		00,210,007		2,020,100		00,200,000
Permanent Fund - Nonexpendable		331,717		_		331,717
Permanent Fund - Expendable		133,907				133,907
Grant Programs		1,532,601		-		1,532,601
Capital Projects		1,086,902		-		1,086,902
Donations		418,686		<u>-</u>		418,686
Unrestricted		8,916,145		3,531,625		12,447,770
Total Nat Desition	Φ.		ф.		ф.	
Total Net Position	\$	45,663,565	Ф	5,557,081	\$	51,220,646

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Revenues (Expenses) and

			Program Revenues			hanges in Net Position	•
Functions/Programs	3		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
General Government	\$ 2,709,076	\$ 363,547	\$ 208,073	\$ -	\$ (2,137,456)	\$ -	\$ (2,137,456)
Public Safety Services	954,387	413,413	-	-	(540,974)	-	(540,974)
Public Works	2,959,313	349,037	319,178	-	(2,291,098)	-	(2,291,098)
Education	27,335,700	1,341,448	10,614,020	-	(15,380,232)	-	(15,380,232)
Health & Social	337,488	111,040	78,852	24,000	(123,596)	-	(123,596)
Community Preservation	390,757	5,000	17,137	-	(368,620)	-	(368,620)
Interest Expense	72,923				(72,923)		(72,923)
Total Governmental Activities	34,759,644	2,583,485	11,237,260	24,000	(20,914,899)	-	(20,914,899)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
WPCA Assessment Fund	178,507	103,897				(74,610)	(74,610)
Total Business-Type Activities	178,507	103,897				(74,610)	(74,610)
Total	\$ 34,938,151	\$ 2,687,382	\$ 11,237,260	\$ 24,000	(20,914,899)	(74,610)	(20,989,509)
	General Revenues	:					
	Property Taxes				20,501,917	-	20,501,917
	Grants and Cont	ributions not Restrict	ted to Specific Progra	ams	378,083	-	378,083
	Investment Incor	me (Loss)			441,426	6,802	448,228
	Miscellaneous				14,262	-	14,262
	Total General	Revenues			21,335,688	6,802	21,342,490
	Change in Ne	t Position			420,789	(67,808)	352,981
	Net Position - Beg	nning of Year			45,242,776	5,624,889	50,867,665
	NET POSITION - I	END OF YEAR			\$ 45,663,565	\$ 5,557,081	\$ 51,220,646

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General	ARPA Fund		Bonded Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,229,118	\$	-	\$	705,607	\$	901,955	\$	12,836,680
Investments	2,376,055		-		-		3,303,369		5,679,424
Receivables	689,111		-		1,779		1,750,549		2,441,439
Prepaid Items	66,801		12,600		-		-		79,401
Due From Other Funds	507,696		1,715,753		387,979		4,707,361		7,318,789
Other	 		<u>-</u>				27,481		27,481
Total Assets	\$ 14,868,781	\$	1,728,353	\$	1,095,365	\$	10,690,715	\$	28,383,214
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts and Other Payables	\$ 349,128		33,890		8,463	\$	115,499	\$	506,980
Accrued Liabilities	108,555		-		-		-		108,555
Due to Other Funds	7,256,786		-		-		507,696		7,764,482
Unearned Revenue	2,230		1,694,463				107,129		1,803,822
Total Liabilities	7,716,699		1,728,353		8,463		730,324		10,183,839
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	347,089		-		-		-		347,089
Unavailable Revenue - Tax Interest	107,952		-		-		-		107,952
Lease Related	-		-		-		308,988		308,988
Unavailable Revenue - Sewer Receivable	-		-		-		29,150		29,150
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable	-		-		-		1,014,353		1,014,353
Unavailable Revenue - Grant Receivable	-		-		-		261,433		261,433
Advance Property Tax Collections	 587,388				<u>-</u>		-		587,388
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,042,429		-		-		1,613,924		2,656,353
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable	66,801		-		-		331,717		398,518
Restricted	_		-		1,086,902		809,408		1,896,310
Committed	38,544		-		-		7,436,081		7,474,625
Unassigned	6,004,308						(230,739)		5,773,569
Total Fund Balances	6,109,653		-		1,086,902		8,346,467		15,543,022
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 14,868,781	\$	1,728,353	\$	1,095,365	\$	10,690,715	\$	28,383,214

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different from the governmental fund balance sheet. The details of this difference are as follows:

difference are as follows:	
Total fund balances (Exhibit III)	\$ 15,543,022
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Governmental capital assets \$ 87,994,048 Less: accumulated depreciation (49,564,487) Net Capital Assets	38,429,561
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:	
Property tax, sewer use, water assessment and community development block grant receivable - accrual basis change CDBG Loans receivable accrual basis change Grant receivable accrual basis change Sewer receivable accrual basis change Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred outflows of resources related to Pensions	455,041 1,014,353 261,433 29,150 826,150 1,011,244
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	105,640
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds payable Net Pension Liability Total OPEB Liability Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to Pensions Compensated absences Accrued interest payable Financing arrangements Promissory notes payable	(4,970,000) (2,525,199) (1,956,777) (1,764,315) (188,685) (358,249) (41,313) (64,047) (143,444)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)	\$ 45,663,565

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		General		General		ARPA General Fund				Bonded Capital Projects		Capital		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES																	
Property Taxes	\$	20,443,807	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20,443,807							
Intergovernmental		8,724,514		198,384		397,300		2,214,500		11,534,698							
Charges for Services		2,034,079		-		-		486,369		2,520,448							
Investment Income (Loss)		277,695		-		-		163,242		440,937							
Other Revenues				-		-		72,579		72,579							
Total Revenues		31,480,095		198,384		397,300		2,936,690		35,012,469							
EXPENDITURES																	
Current:																	
General Government		1,918,604		132,387		-		431,386		2,482,377							
Public Safety Services		718,984		33,880		-		-		752,864							
Public Works		1,497,725		-		-		193,088		1,690,813							
Education		23,566,684		18,258		-		2,086,661		25,671,603							
Health & Social		334,369		13,859		-		182,111		530,339							
Community Preservation		-		-		-		61,021		61,021							
Debt Service		481,859		-		-		113,000		594,859							
Capital Outlay		-		-		821,527		1,975,585	_	2,797,112							
Total Expenditures	_	28,518,225		198,384		821,527		5,042,852	_	34,580,988							
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES																	
OVER EXPENDITURES		2,961,870		-		(424,227)		(2,106,162)		431,481							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																	
Transfers In		-		-		-		2,351,765		2,351,765							
Transfers Out		(2,351,765)		-		-		_		(2,351,765)							
Net Other Financing Sources		(2,351,765)		-		-		2,351,765		-							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		610,105		-		(424,227)		245,603		431,481							
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		5,499,548				1,511,129		8,100,864		15,111,541							
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	6,109,653	\$		\$	1,086,902	\$	8,346,467	\$	15,543,022							

1,208,583

(49,415)

420,789

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different due to:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ 431,481
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	2,464,151 (2,035,535)
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.	(6,593)
or capital assets.	(0,595)
Change in deferred outflows related to Pensions	296,229
Change in deferred outflows related to OPEB	(99,370)
Change in deferred inflows related to Pensions	635,337
Change in deferred inflows related to OPEB	(1,076,014)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not	
reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the	
statement of activities:	
Increase in property tax receivable - accrual basis change	53,507
Increase in property tax interest receivable - accrual basis change	4,603
Increase in CDBG Loans receivable - accrual basis change	15,515
Increase in sewer revenue - accrual basis change	4,720
Increase in grant revenue - accrual basis change	(715,789)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and	
related items are as follows:	
Bond payments	355,000
Financing arrangement payments	107,901
Promissory note payments	56,767
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated absences	34,140
Change in accrued interest	2,268
Net Pension Liability - Pension expense	(1,266,697)
Total ODED Lieblike ODED and and a	4 000 500

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

Total OPEB Liability - OPEB expense

The net loss of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Business- Type Activities Enterprise Fund WPCA Assessment Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,444,533	\$	137,688
Interest Receivable		46,416		-
Accounts Receivable		965		-
Due from Other Funds		445,693		-
Current Portion of Assessment Receivable		208,434		-
Non-current Portion of Assessment Receivable		1,426,146		-
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		5,636,431		-
Total Assets		9,208,618		137,688
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		-		6,549
Claims Payable		-		7,300
Unearned Revenue		-		18,199
Accrued Interest Payable		40,562		-
Noncurrent Liabilities, Due Within One Year		113,110		-
Noncurrent Liabilities, Due in More Than One Year		3,497,865		-
Total Liabilities		3,651,537		32,048
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,025,456		-
Unrestricted		3,531,625		105,640
Total Net Position	_\$	5,557,081	\$	105,640

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business- Type Activities Enterprise Fund WPCA Assessment Fund	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES	<u> </u>	Fullus	
Assessment Interest	\$ 103,129	\$ -	
Employer Contributions	-	152,664	
Employee Contributions	-	110,216	
Other Income	768	-	
Total Operating Revenues	103,897	262,880	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Employee Benefits	-	312,784	
Depreciation	86,714		
Total Operating Expenses	86,714	312,784	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	17,183	(49,904)	
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):			
Interest Expense	(91,793)	-	
Investment Income	6,802	489	
Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(84,991)	489	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(67,808)	(49,415)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(67,808)	(49,415)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	5,624,889	155,055	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	_\$ 5,557,081_	\$ 105,640	

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business- Type Activities Enterprise Fund WPCA Assessment		Governmental Activities Internal Service	
		Fund		Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Customers	\$	953,383	\$	303,872
Payments to Providers of Benefits		-		(317,121)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		953,383		(13,249)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Loan Principal Payments		(110,351)		-
Interest Payments		(93,033)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related				
Financing Activities		(203,384)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment Income		6,802		489
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		756,801		(12,760)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		687,732		150,448
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -				
END OF YEAR	\$	1,444,533	\$	137,688
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	17,183	\$	(49,904)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to				,
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense		86,714		_
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		207,998		15,759
Increase (Decrease) in Due to/from Other Funds		641,488		7,034
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		-		(4,837)
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		_		500
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		-		18,199
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	953,383	\$	(13,249)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Lebanon, Connecticut (the Town), was settled in the 1690s and incorporated in 1700. The Town maintains a Board of Selectmen, Board of Finance form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government, public safety (police and fire), public works, health and social, community preservation and education.

B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A government is financially accountable for a legally separate organization if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the government. These criteria have been considered and no organizations meet the requirements for inclusion in the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement of Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The ARPA *Fund* accounts for revenues to be used for approved ARPA projects, funded by the federal ARPA grants.

The Bonded *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for revenues to be used for major capital asset construction and/or purchases funded by debt issuances, grants, and General Fund appropriations.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

The WPCA Assessment Fund accounts for the benefit assessments relating to the Amston Lake Water Pollution Control Authority.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

<u>Measurement of Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Fund* is used to account for the fees associated with the self-insured dental activities of the Town and Board of Education.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the WPCA Assessment Fund and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. The enterprise fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

C. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

F. Lease Receivable

The Entity determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease receivables represent the Entity's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guaranteed payment is required and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when those options are exercised.

The Entity has elected to recognize payments received for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as revenue as the payments are received. These leases are not included as lease receivables or deferred inflows on the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the Entity has elected to use their incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000, and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings	30 to 50 Years
Building Improvements	30 to 50 Years
Roads	30 to 50 Years
Bridges	30 to 50 Years
Water and Pollution Control Systems	75 Years
Vehicles	5 to 10 Years
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 10 Years

H. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience and investment gains or losses. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plans (active employees and inactive employees). No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections, lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The deferred inflows related to leases are recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plans (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, interest on property taxes, grants, leases, and long-term loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

J. Compensated Absences

Based on union contracts, certain Town and Board of Education employees may accumulate a certain amount of unused vacation and sick leave based upon length of employment. The amount recorded as a liability is based upon current salary levels. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Net Pension Liability

The net Pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Total OPEB Liability

The total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service. The total OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Equity (Continued)

Restricted Net Position – Net position restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance – This represents the portion of a governmental fund's resources whose use is subject to a legally binding constraint that is imposed by the Board of Finance that remains legally binding unless removed in the same manner. These constraints are set by the Board of Finance through an ordinance.

Assigned Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Board of Finance or finance director that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the Town Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

O. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and billed the following July 1 and January 1. Interest at the rate of 1.5% per month accrues on all overdue taxes. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of appraised market value. A lien is placed on the property if real estate taxes are unpaid as of June 30 following the payable date.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Property Taxes (Continued)

Available means due or past due and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Town defines the current period to mean within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes receivable not expected to be collected during the available period are reflected in deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. The entire receivable is recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Property taxes collected prior to June 30 that are applicable to the subsequent years' assessment are reflected as advance tax collections in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

P. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting (except in relation to teacher on-behalf payments made by the State which are not budgeted for and encumbrances) which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, the budget calls for certain amounts to be transferred or allocated to specific funds which have been set up by the Town for specific purposes. A portion of the budgeted revenues to be raised by the annual tax commitment are considered by the Town to be a specific revenue source which are committed to expenditure for these specified purposes. The budget calls for the revenue to be shown within the general fund and a transfer out to be shown to each of these specific funds. These specific portions of the annual tax commitment are shown within each specific special revenue and capital project fund as a transfer in rather than as property tax revenue.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

Early in the second half of the prior fiscal year, the Town's selectmen, departments, boards, and commissions submitted budget requests for the year beginning July 1. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. A meeting of the inhabitants of the Town is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after public notice of the meetings had been given.

- All additional appropriations must be subject to a special town meeting. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town approved additional appropriations of \$750,000 from fund balance.
- The Board of Selectmen may only transfer and re-appropriate funds between the Town operating Budget line items within a given agency or department.
- The Board of Finance may authorize over-expenditures or transfers between agency or department budgets up to the limit allowed by Connecticut General Statutes and may at their discretion require Town Meeting approval for such authorizations. Transfers between agency or department budgets which exceed Connecticut General Statute limits shall require approval at a Town Meeting.
- The Board of Finance may transfer and appropriate funds from the contingency account up to the limit allowed by Connecticut General Statute and may at their discretion require Town Meeting approval for such transfers or appropriations. Transfers and appropriations from the contingency account which exceed Connecticut General Statute limits shall require approval at Town Meeting.
- The Board of Education, which is not a separate legal entity but a function of the Town, is authorized under state law to make any transfers required within their budget at their discretion. Any additional appropriations must have Board of Education approval and be subject to a special town meeting.
- Encumbrances are recognized as valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for the Capital Project Funds. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year.
- The Town does not legally adopt a budget for the ARPA Fund.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out-of-state-bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the state Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). These investment pools are under the control of the state treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board and are regulated under the state Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires prequalification of institutions with which the Town does business. The prequalification requirements include, but are not limited to, proof of creditworthiness, five years or more of operations, evidence of adequate insurance coverage, proof of state registration, and proof of compliance with state and federal capital adequacy guidelines. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the state of Connecticut or up to the FDIC limit in out-of-state banks.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$9,934,294 of the Town's bank balance of \$11,265,345 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ 8,807,759
Uninsured and Collateral Held by the Pledging Bank's	
Trust Department, not in the Town's Name	1,126,535
	,
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 9,934,294

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2023, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$5,250,832. STIF is an investment pool of high-quality, short-term money market instruments with an average maturity of less than 60 days. There were no limitations or restrictions on any withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year. The State of Connecticut Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) is rating AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the Town had the following investments:

				Inves	Maturities (Y	(Years)				
	Fair			Less		•		More		
Investment Type	Value			Than 1		1 - 10	than 10			
Certificates of Deposit* U.S. Government Securities Corporate Bonds	\$	2,573,820 136,188 138,850	\$	2,573,820 - 41,222	\$	- 131,316 66,264	\$	4,872 31,364		
Total		2,848,858	\$	2,615,042	\$	197,580	\$	36,236		
Other Investments: Mutual Funds Common Stock		1,087,255 1,743,311								
Total Investments	\$	5,679,424								

^{*}Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

	Fair Value		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Investments by Fair Value Level:								
U.S. Government Securities	\$	136,188	\$	136,188	\$	-	\$	-
Corporate Bonds		138,850		138,850		-		-
Common Stock		1,743,311		1,743,311		-		-
Mutual Funds		1,087,255		1,087,255				
Total Investments by		3.105.604	\$	3,105,604	\$	_	\$	_
i ali value Level		0,100,001		0,100,001				
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:								
Certificates of Deposit		2,573,820						
Total Investments	\$	5,679,424						

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value if its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. The Town does not hold any uninsured or unregistered securities at June 30, 2023.

Credit Risk

The Town has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than state statutes governing investments in obligations of any state or political subdivision or in obligations of the state of Connecticut or political subdivision.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town places no limit on the amount invested in any one issuer. No more than 5% of the Town's investments were invested in any one issuer in which credit risk was applicable.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The Town's investment policy, in conformity with applicable Connecticut General Statutes, authorizes investment in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. Regulatory oversight for the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund is provided quarterly by the Investment Advisory Council and the Treasurer's Cash Management Board. Other authorized investments include pooled and joint investments meeting the requirements of the policy, excluding those pools investing in "derivative" securities; certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; and obligations of the United States and agencies of the federal government.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	 General	Bonded Capital Projects		Nonmajor and Other Funds	A	WPCA ssessment Fund	Total		
Receivables:									
Taxes	\$ 482,959	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	482,959	
Tax Interest	107,952		-	-		-		107,952	
Leases	-		-	316,463		-		316,463	
Loans	-		-	1,014,353		-		1,014,353	
Assessments	-		-	-		1,634,580		1,634,580	
Accounts and Other	159,413			32,650		47,381		239,444	
Intergovernmental	1,730		1,779	387,083		-		390,592	
Gross Receivables	752,054		1,779	1,750,549		1,681,961		4,186,343	
Less: Allowance for									
Collection Losses	62,943		-	-		-		62,943	
Net Total Receivables	\$ 689,111	\$	1,779	\$ 1,750,549	\$	1,681,961	\$	4,123,400	

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	В	eginning						Ending
		Balance	 Increases	D	ecreases		Transfers	Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated or Amortized:								
Land	\$	2,228,189	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,228,189
Construction in Progress		4,419,249	 40,991				(4,408,269)	51,971
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated								
or Amortized		6,647,438	40,991		-		(4,408,269)	2,280,160
Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized:								
Buildings and Improvements		37,852,603	943,394		29,224		4,255,270	43,022,043
Equipment		2,378,536	951,245		512,092		15,998	2,833,687
Vehicles		5,635,218	164,184		387,228		5,670	5,417,844
Infrastructure		33,944,646	 364,337				131,331	 34,440,314
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
and Amortized		79,811,003	2,423,160		928,544		4,408,269	85,713,888
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization for:								
Buildings and Improvements		21,106,342	965,598		22,631		-	22,049,309
Equipment		1,720,017	198,596		512,092		-	1,406,521
Vehicles		3,633,404	255,259		387,228		-	3,501,435
Infrastructure		21,991,140	616,082					22,607,222
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		48,450,903	2,035,535		921,951		_	49,564,487
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated and Amortized, Net		31,360,100	 387,625		6,593		4,408,269	 36,149,401
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	38,007,538	\$ 428,616	\$	6,593	\$	-	\$ 38,429,561
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Amston Lake Sewage System	\$	6,503,574	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,503,574
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		6,503,574	-		-		-	6,503,574
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Amston Lake Sewage System		780,429	86,714				-	 867,143
Total Accumulated Depreciation		780,429	 86,714			_	_	 867,143
Total Capital Assets Being			 _			_		 _
Depreciated, Net		5,723,145	 (86,714)					 5,636,431
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	5,723,145	\$ (86,714)	\$		\$	-	\$ 5,636,431

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 36,459
Public Safety	204,550
Public Works	775,206
Health & Social	93,557
Education	925,763
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,035,535
Business-Type Activities:	
WPCA Assessment	\$ 86,714
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 86,714

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2023. The projects include new construction. At year-end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Spent to	Remaining
Project Project	Date	Commitment
Aspinall Property - Field 2	\$ 3,890	\$ 4,110
Aspinall Soccer Field	199,120	880
Library Renovations	8,660	1,340
Revaluation	28,704	51,296
Public Safety Police Car	67,019	2,981
Public Safety Ambulance	-	450,000
Public Safety Bunker Gear	56,020	3,981
Public Safety - 27 Breathing Apparatus, RITs,		
Compressor	444,247	753
Fire Safety Complex - Passage Doors	-	2,000
Highway Paving	605,468	810,021
DPW - Over the Rail Mower	100,994	24,006
DPW - Plow truck	-	55,000
DPW - Jet Truck	-	10,000
DPW - Town Tree Maintenance	390,280	9,802
DPW - Temporary Salt Shed	37,741	2,193
DPW - Pickup Truck	37,118	7,882
DPW - Bucket Truck	87,375	12,625
2018 Rain Storm	413,688	586,312
Cemetery Road Development - Synagogue	20,655	145
Open Space	122,674	177,097
Open Space - Soft Costs	52,053	88,187
BOE - School Improvement Plan	230,639	19,805
BOE - LES/LMS Asbestos Abatement	21,300	138,700
BOE - Technology	209,518	712
BOE - Athletic Facilities	8,409	21,591

The commitments for Capital assets generally are through the approved budget process and/or transfers from surplus funds. Other major construction projects are financed through general obligation bonds.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund loans were generally used to transfer monies as a result of issuing bonds. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 507,696
Bonded Capital Projects	General Fund	387,979
ARPA Fund	General Fund	1,715,753
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	4,707,361
WPCA Assessment Fund	General Fund	 445,693
		\$ 7,764,482

All balances are expected to be repaid within a year.

Interfund transfers are generally used to supplement revenues of other funds. The transfers that occurred during the year are as follows:

	T	ransfers In				
	1	Nonmajor		Total		
	Go	vernmental	•	Transfers		
		Funds	Out			
Transfers Out:						
General Fund	\$	2,351,765	\$	2,351,765		
Total Transfers In	\$	2,351,765	\$	2,351,765		

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds and Notes Payable: General Obligation Bonds	\$	5,325,000	\$		\$	355,000	\$	4,970,000	\$	355,000
Promissory Notes	φ	200,211	φ	_	Ψ	56,767	Ψ	143,444	φ	333,000
Total Bonds and Notes Payable		5,525,211				411,767		5,113,444		355,000
Financing Arrangement		171,948		-		107,901		64,047		64,047
Net Pension Liability		1,258,502		1,266,697				2,525,199		-
Total OPEB Liability		3,165,360		-		1,208,583		1,956,777		39,547
Compensated Absences	_	392,389				34,140		358,249		89,562
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	10,513,410	\$	1,266,697	\$	1,762,391	\$	10,017,716	\$	548,156
Business-Type Activities:										
Direct Placement Bond	\$	3,721,326	\$		\$	110,351	\$	3,610,975	\$	113,110
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	3,721,326	\$		\$	110,351	\$	3,610,975	\$	113,110

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund, and the Total OPEB liability is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Town for which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable properties located within the Town.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General obligation bonds and long-term notes currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest y Rate (%)		Amount of Original Issue		Annual Principal		Balance outstanding ne 30, 2023
General Purpose:			.,,						
General Obligation	7/8/21	7/8/36	2.25	\$	2,100,000	\$	140,000	\$	1,960,000
General Obligation	4/6/22	4/1/35	2.56		3,225,000		215,000		3,010,000
Total General Purpose					5,325,000				4,970,000
Total Outstanding				\$	5,325,000			\$	4,970,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and long-term notes are as follows:

		Governmen	tal Act	tivities		Business-Type Activities								
		Direct Place	Bonds		Direct Place	ement	t Bond							
Year Ending June 30,		Principal	oal Interest			Principal		Interest						
2024	\$	355,000	\$	119,581	\$	113,110	\$	90,274						
2025		355,000		110,927		115,698		87,686						
2026		355,000		102,273		118,829		84,555						
2027		355,000		93,619		121,800		81,584						
2028	355,000		355,000		355,000		355,000			84,965		124,846		78,538
2029-2033		1,775,000		295,015		672,238		344,683						
2034-2038		1,420,000		80,240		760,840		256,081						
2039-2043		-		_		860,863		156,057						
2044-2047						722,751		44,051						
Total	\$	4,970,000	\$	886,620	\$	3,610,975	\$	1,223,509						

Promissory Note Payable

The Town signed a \$500,000 promissory note in November 2019 to finance a portion of the Library expansion project. The principal amount along with all interest accrued on the unpaid balance is due in November 2024. Interest on the outstanding principal balance is accrued at a rate of 1.59% and compounded annually. The principal and interest is forgivable by the note holder, and during the year ended June 30, 2023 principal of \$56,767 and interest of \$3,233 were forgiven by the note holder.

Financing Arrangement

During 2019, the Town entered into a financing arrangement to purchase a fire truck. This agreement runs through January 2024 with monthly payments of \$9,417 which includes interest at a rate of 4.15%.

NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

E. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Financing Arrangement (Continued)

The future minimum payments on the financing arrangement as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

		Governmen	tal Activit	Activities	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	In	terest	
2024	\$	64,047	\$	879	
Total	\$	64,047	\$	879	

Statutory Debt Limitation

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

	Debt		Net	
Category	Limitation	Ind	debtedness	Balance
General Purpose	\$ 44,488,472	\$	4,970,000	\$ 39,518,472
Schools	88,976,943		-	88,976,943
Sewers	74,147,453		-	74,147,453
Urban Renewal	64,261,126		-	64,261,126
Pension Deficit	59,317,962		-	59,317,962

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$138,408,578. All long-term debt obligations are retired through General Fund appropriations. The indebtedness reflected above includes bonds and notes outstanding in addition to the amounts of bonds authorized and unissued against which bond anticipation notes are issued and outstanding.

NOTE 4 FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the government funds at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	General Fund	ARPA Fund	Bonded Capital Projects	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid Items and Inventory	\$ 66,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,801
Permanent Fund Principal	-	-	-	331,717	331,717
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects	-	-	1,086,902	-	1,086,902
Unspent Donations	-	-	-	418,562	418,562
Unspent Grant Proceeds	-	-	-	256,815	256,815
Scholarships	-	-	-	134,031	134,031
Committed to:					
Dog Fund	1,655	-	-	-	1,655
Recreation Commission	27,569	-	-	-	27,569
Emergency Management	9,320	-	-	-	9,320
Historic Buildings	-	-	-	10,922	10,922
Cemeteries	-	-	-	18,092	18,092
Library	-	-	-	2,077,866	2,077,866
Community Center	-	-	-	1,060,568	1,060,568
Summer Dance Festival	-	-	-	17,241	17,241
Senior Vans	-	-	-	121,354	121,354
Student Activities	-	-	-	264,277	264,277
School Lunch	-	-	-	330,546	330,546
Sewer Operations	-	-	-	365,993	365,993
Capital Projects	-	-	-	3,169,222	3,169,222
Unassigned	6,004,308		<u> </u>	 (230,739)	 5,773,569
Total Fund Balances	\$ 6,109,653	\$ 	\$ 1,086,902	\$ 8,346,467	\$ 15,543,022

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

All full-time employees participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). MERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits to employees of participating municipalities. Chapters 7-425 to 7-451 of the State of Connecticut General Statutes, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes MERS benefits, member contribution rates and other plan provisions. MERS is considered to be part of the Sate of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service or 25 years of aggregate service. In addition, compulsory retirement is at age 65 for police and fire members. Employees under the age of 55 are eligible to retire with 25 years of service.

Normal Retirement

For members not covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 2% of the average of the three highest paid years of service times the years of service. For members covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 1½% of the average of the three highest paid years of service not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average of the three highest paid years of service in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service. The year's breakpoint is defined as \$10,700 increased by 6.0% each year after 1982, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$100. Maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually.

Early Retirement

Members must have 5 years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance on the basis of the average of the three highest paid years of service to the date of termination. Benefits are deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

<u>Disability Retirement - Service Connected</u>

This applies to employees who are totally and permanently disabled, and such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to heart and hypertension in the case of fire and police, who began employment prior to July 1, 1996, is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including workers' compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability.

Disability Retirement - Non-Service Connected

This applies to employees who have 10 years of service and are totally and permanently disabled. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit

The plan offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest or if vested and married, the surviving spouse will receive a lifetime benefit.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions

Member

Contributions for members not covered by social security are 5% of compensation; for members covered by social security, $2\frac{1}{4}\%$ of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 5%, if any, in excess of such base. Effective July 1, 2019, member contribution rates are set to increase by 0.5% of compensation each year for six years.

Employer

Participating employers make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment, which covers the liabilities of CMERS not met by member contributions. In addition, there is also an annual administrative fee per active and retired member. The Town's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 17.55% of annual payroll. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$252,144 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Town reports a liability of \$2,525,199 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at June 30, 2022. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2017. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the Town's proportion was 0.18%. There was no change in proportion from the prior year.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$586,247. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred		Γ	Deferred	
	Outflows of		Ir	nflows of	
	R	esources	R	esources	
Town Contributions After the Measurement Date	\$	252,144	\$	-	
Differences Between Expected and					
Actual Experience		189,748		106,591	
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Investment Return		371,677			
Change in Proportion		197,675		82,094	
Changes of Assumptions		-			
Total	\$	1,011,244	\$	188,685	
				_	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Town contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2024	\$ 87,225
2025	144,009
2026	85,464
2027	253,717

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement period:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increase	3.50% - 10.00%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% Net of Pension Plan Investment
	Expense, Including Inflation

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on:

RP-2014 Combined Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for General Employees.

RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for Police and Fire.

For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 was used.

Future cost-of-living adjustments for members who retire on or after January 1, 2002, are 60% of the annual increase in the CPI up to 6%. The minimum annual COLA is 2.5%; the maximum is 6%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Global Equity	37 %	6.9 %
Public Credit	2	2.9
Core Fixed Income	13	0.4
Liquidity Fund	1	(0.4)
Risk Mitigation	5	0.1
Private Equity	15	11.2
Private Credit	10	6.2
Real Estate	10	6.3
Infrastructure and Natural Resources	7	7.7
Total	100 %	

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	Increase
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Town's Proportionate Share of	 			
the Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,491,750	\$	2,525,199	\$ 1,714,551

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents, or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the state Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary uring the three years of highest salary).

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended, and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the state of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$2,888,309 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7% of pensionable salary.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

Employees (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's Proportionate Share of	
the Net Pension Liability	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of	
the Net Pension Liability	
Associated with the Town	 36,633,752
Total	\$ 36,633,752

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$3,540,693 in Exhibit II.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.00% - 6.50%, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.90% Net of Pension Plan Investment

Expense, Including Inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 an above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2019.

Assumption changes since the prior year are as follows:

• There were no changes in assumptions that affected the measurement of the TPL since the prior measurement date.

Benefit changes since the prior year are as follows:

 Legislation was passed restoring the 25% wear down of Plan N benefits to vested members as of June 30, 2019.

Cost-of-Living Allowance

For teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%.

For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

Long-Term Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The current capital market assumptions and the target asset allocation as provided by the State of Connecticut Treasurer's Office are summarized in the following table:

	Expected	Target
Asset Class	Return	Allocation
Domestic Equity Fund	5.40 %	20.00 %
Developed Market Intl. Stock Fund	6.40	11.00
Emerging Market Intl. Stock Fund	8.60	9.00
Core Fixed Income Fund	0.80	13.00
Private Credit	6.50	5.00
Emerging Market Debt Fund	3.80	5.00
High Yield Bond Fund	3.40	3.00
Real Estate Fund	5.20	19.00
Private Equity	9.40	10.00
Alternative Investments	3.10	3.00
Liquidity Fund	(0.40)	2.00
Total		100.00 %

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that state contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Connecticut Teachers Retirement System – Pension (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Plan Description

The Board of Education of the Town provides a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Plan) to its employees upon retirement in the form of the ability to be part of the health insurance and dental plan while paying the full amount of the premium charged for active employees and receiving no physical subsidy from the Town. As a result, the Town does not have an explicit liability for these post-employment benefits because retirees pay the full health insurance and dental premium. However, the Town does have an implicit rate subsidy that recognizes the expected higher health and dental costs attributed to retirees. The provisions of the Plan were established by the Board of Education along with the respective bargaining units of each group in conjunction with all applicable state statutes. The Plan therefore would be amended through the action of these same groups. These benefits will continue for the life of the retiree and the retiree's spouse once they are a part of the Plan. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and is not included in the financial statements of another entity.

The OPEB Plan provides a benefit for retired teachers and administrators. Non-certified Board employees are eligible to participate in the Plan upon reaching age 55 with at least 5 years of service or upon 25 years of service. Cafeteria workers are not included. Both the retiree and the retiree's spouse are eligible to participate in the Plan and they must pay 100% of the cost for medical and dental coverage. A number of different plan coverages are available. Certified Board employees are eligible to participate in the Plan upon reaching age 50 with at least 25 years of service, age 55 with at least 20 years of service or age 60 with at least 10 years of service. Both the retiree and the retiree's spouse are eligible to participate in the Plan and they must pay 100% of the cost for medical and dental coverage. A number of different plan coverages are available. Surviving spouses are permitted to continue coverage after the death of the retiree but are responsible for continuing to pay the same monthly premium amount or percentage that was being paid while the retiree was alive.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2022:

Retired Members and Spouses of

Retired Members	7
Active Plan Members	128
Total	135

B. Funding Policy

The funding and payment for these postemployment benefits are accounted for within the Board of Education budget within the general fund of the Town on a pay-as-you-go basis.

C. Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$1,956,777 was measured as of June 30, 2023, which was rolled forward from an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

D. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.40%

Salary Increases 2.40%, Average, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 3.65%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.50% in 2022, Reducing 0.2% Each Year to a

Final 4.4% in 2031 and Later

The discount rate was based on the 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

Mortality rates for Teachers and Administrators were based on Pub-2010 Mortality Table for Employees with separate tables for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected to valuation date with Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022, valuation were based on the standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility, where applicable and input from the plan sponsor.

E. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	T	Increase Decrease) otal OPEB Liability of June 30, 2023
Balances as of July 1, 2022	\$	3,165,360
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		31,814
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		111,433
Differences Between Expected and		
Actual Experience		(941,784)
Changes in Assumptions		(310,502)
Benefit Payments		(99,544)
Net Changes		(1,208,583)
Balances as of June 30, 2023	\$	1,956,777

As of June 30, 2022, the Town increased the discount rate from 2.16% to 3.54%.

F. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current							
	1%	Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	2,160,291	\$	1,956,777	\$	1,781,101			

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

G. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Decrease	Cı	ırrent Rate	19	% Increase
	Hea	Ithcare Cost	Hea	Ithcare Cost	Hea	althcare Cost
	Tr	end Rates	Trend Rates		Tr	rend Rates
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,809,487	\$	1,956,777	\$	2,128,613

H. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$38,546. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred	
	0	utflows of	Inflows of		
	R	Resources	Resources		
Differences Between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	443,001	\$	1,028,661	
Changes of Assumptions		383,149		735,654	
Total	\$	826,150	\$	1,764,315	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2024	\$ (76,902)
2025	(67,134)
2026	(60,617)
2027	(60,617)
2028	(60,617)
Thereafter	 (612,278)
Total	\$ (938,165)

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit - Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents, or supervisors engaged in service of public schools plus professional employees at state schools of higher education are eligible to participate in the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System Retiree Health Insurance Plan (TRS-RHIP), a cost sharing multiemployer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board (TRB), if they choose to be covered.

Chapter 167a of the state Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the TRB. TRS-RHIP issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov/trb.

Benefit Provisions

There are two types of the health care benefits offered through the System. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member who is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A and B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$220 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$220 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, and any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute. A subsidy amount of \$440 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A of Medicare without cost, and contributes at least \$440 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member who is currently participating in Medicare Parts A and B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A and B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Effective July 1, 2018, the System added a Medicare Advantage Plan option. Active members, retirees and the state pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits) under the Medicare Advantage Plan. Retired members who choose to enroll in the Medicare Supplemental Plan are responsible for the full difference in the premium cost between the two plans. Additionally, effective July 1, 2018, retired members who cancel their health care coverage or elect to not enroll in a CTRB sponsored health care coverage option must wait two years to re-enroll.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

Survivor Health Care Coverage

Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$220 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

Eligibility

Any member who is currently receiving a retirement or disability benefit is eligible to participate in the plan.

Credited Service

One month for each month of service as a teacher in Connecticut public schools, maximum 10 months for each school year. Ten months of credited service constitutes one year of Credited Service. Certain other types of teaching services, state employment, or wartime military service may be purchased prior to retirement if the member pays one-half the cost.

Normal Retirement

Age 60 with 20 years of Credited Service in Connecticut, or 35 years of Credited Service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement

Age 55 with 20 years of Credited Service including 15 years of Connecticut service, or 25 years of Credited Service including 20 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement

Age 60 with 10 years of Credited Service.

Disability Retirement

No service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty, and five years of Credited Service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty.

<u>Termination of Employment</u>

Ten or more years of Credited Service.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, contribution requirements of active employees and the state of Connecticut are approved, amended, and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The state contributions are not currently actuarially funded. The state appropriates from the General Fund one third of the annual costs of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are financed by the state. Based upon Chapter 167a, Subsection D of Section 10-183t of the Connecticut Statutes, it is assumed the state will pay for any long-term shortfall arising from insufficient active member contributions.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the state was \$40,852 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

Employees/Retirees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows: active teachers' pay for one-third of the plan costs through a contribution of 1.25% of their pensionable salaries, and retired teachers pay for one-third of the plan costs through monthly premiums, which helps reduce the cost of health insurance for eligible retired members and dependents.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the state pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the Town was as follows:

Town's Proportionate Share of	
the Net OPEB Liability	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of	
the Net OPEB Liability	
Associated with the Town	 3,208,276
Total	\$ 3,208,276

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023, the Town has no proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$193,387 in Exhibit II.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Health Care Costs Trend Rate Known Increases Until Calendar Year 2024 then

General Trend Decreasing to an Ultimate Rate of

4.50% by 2031

Salary Increases 3.00-6.50%, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 3.53% Net of OPEB Plan Investment

Expense, Including Inflation

Year Fund Net Position Will

be Depleted 2027

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females at ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022; valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2019.

The changes in the assumptions since the prior year are as follows:

- Discount rate changed from 2.17% to 3.53%;
- Expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience;
- The assumed age-related annual percentage increases in expected annual per capita health care claim costs were updated;
- Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated; and
- The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options were updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The changes in the benefit terms since the prior year are as follows:

 There was a change in the maximum monthly subsidy amounts offered to retirees and their dependents from \$110/\$220 to \$220/\$440.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the GASB 75 valuation process. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including the plan's current asset allocations and a log-normal distribution analysis using the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The plan is 100% invested in U.S. Treasuries (Cash Equivalents) for which the expected 10-Year Geometric Real Rate of Return is (0.98%).

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.53%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection was based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022.

In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the current member contribution rate. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Annual state contributions were assumed to be equal to the most recent five-year average of state contributions toward the fund.

Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2027 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent rate.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Other Postemployment Benefit – Connecticut State Teachers Retirement Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate and the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the state of Connecticut.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Connecticut State Teachers OPEB Plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued State of Connecticut Annual Comprehensive Financial Report at www.ct.gov.

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

NOTE 7 OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to public officials and police liability; Board of Education liability; torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims from these risks did not exceed commercial insurance coverage during the three years ended June 30, 2023. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year.

B. Contingent Liabilities

The Town is periodically the subject of litigation by a variety of plaintiffs. The Town's management, based on the advice of counsel, believes that such amounts claimed by these plaintiffs, net of the applicable insurance coverage, are immaterial.

The Town has received state and federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any expenditure disallowed under terms of the grant. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although, based on prior experience, Town management believes such disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The Town may be subject to rebate penalties to the federal government relating to various bond and note issues. The Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original		Final				Variance with	
	Budget		Budget		Actual		nal Budget	
Property Taxes:	 							
Current	\$ 20,378,921	\$	20,378,921	\$	20,038,957	\$	(339,964)	
Back Taxes	-		-		231,137		231,137	
Interest	155,000		155,000		152,876		(2,124)	
Liens and Fees	3,500		3,500		4,740		1,240	
Suspense	 7,000		7,000		16,097		9,097	
Total Property Taxes	20,544,421		20,544,421		20,443,807		(100,614)	
Intergovernmental:								
Town Aid Roads	281,194		281,194		280,877		(317)	
Municipal Revenue Sharing	30,427		30,427		178,375		147,948	
Misc - State of Connecticut	162,740		162,740		162,739		(1)	
In Lieu of Taxes	25,714		25,714		20,244		(5,470)	
Veteran Exemption	-		-		1,796		1,796	
Disabled Exemption	-		-		410		410	
Mashentucket - Pequot	 13,139		13,139		13,139			
Total Intergovernmental	 513,214		513,214		657,580		144,366	
Intergovernmental - Education:								
Education Cost Sharing	4,578,589		4,578,589		4,572,577		(6,012)	
Vocational Agricultural	 364,911		364,911		364,911			
Total Intergovernmental -	 							
Education	4,943,500		4,943,500		4,937,488		(6,012)	
Investment Income:								
Investment Income	25,000		25,000		277,216		252,216	
Care Cemetery	 				476		476	
Total Investment Income	 25,000		25,000		277,692		252,692	
Tuition:								
School Tuition	 929,447		929,447		1,053,089		123,642	
Total Tuition	 929,447	-	929,447		1,053,089		123,642	

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ance with
Local - Charges for Services:								
Sport Licenses	\$	100	\$	100	\$	103	\$	3
Marriage Licenses		450		450		512		62
Other Revenue		-		-		799		799
MERS - General		14,000		14,000		7,716		(6,284)
MERS - Exception		4,000		4,000		1,984		(2,016)
Conveyance Tax		75,000		75,000		234,022		159,022
Dog License Town Clerk Fees		600		600		982		382
Burial Permits - Town Clerk		100		100		125		25
Certified Copy of Vital Records		4,300		4,300		6,030		1,730
Certifications - Town Clerk		100		100		76		(24)
Lease Water Storage Tank NPU		30,200		30,200		30,467		267
Utilities District		25,000		25,000		34,240		9,240
Misc Selectman		8,000		8,000		10,270		2,270
Raffle and Bazaar Fees		-		-		120		120
Land Record Fees		17,350		17,350		18,808		1,458
Copies		8,000		8,000		6,058		(1,942)
Books and Ordinances		50		50		15		(35)
Filing Maps		300		300		500		200
Assessors		200		200		29		(171)
Police		12,000		12,000		154,200		142,200
Police - State of CT		-		-		9,465		9,465
Fire Marshal		1,000		1,000		2,956		1,956
Building Official Fees		110,000		110,000		228,113		118,113
Fire Safety		500		500		2,650		2,150
Solid Waste Facility		110,000		110,000		123,325		13,325
Sexton Fees		7,500		7,500		4,850		(2,650)
PZC Fees		6,000		6,000		9,850		3,850
ZBA Fees		1,500		1,500		800		(700)
IWC Fees		2,000		2,000		2,918		918
Misc Revenue Board of Education		2,000		2,000		12,236		12,236
Misc Revenue Town		6,000		6,000		25,782		19,782
Passport Processing		1,000		1,000		1,287		287
Total Local - Charges for Services		445,250		445,250		931,288		486,038
		440,200		440,200		331,200		400,000
Total Revenues and Other		07 400 000					•	000 440
Financing Sources	\$	27,400,832	\$	27,400,832	\$	28,300,944	\$	900,112
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenue State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the C	onnec	ticut State			ф.	2 999 200		
Teachers' Retirement System for Town teachers are State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions the Con	nectic	-	s		\$	2,888,309		
OPEB System for Town teachers are not budgeted.						40,852		
The Town does not budget for Dog Fund revenues						2,835		
The Town does not budget for Recreation Commissi	on Fu	nd revenues				46,870		
The Board of Education does not budget for certain i	intergo	vernmental						
grants that are credited against education expendit	tures f	or budgetary						
reporting; these amounts are recorded as revenue	s and	expenditures for						
financial reporting purposes.						200,285		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Rep	orted (on the Statemen	+					
of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Ba					.	04 400 005		
Governmental Funds - Exhibit IV					\$	31,480,095		

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND ILE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES –

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
General Government:						
Legal Counsel	\$	55,000	\$ 64,876	\$ 64,876	\$	-
Selectmen		153,002	153,002	146,760		6,242
Elections		34,370	35,771	35,771		-
Probate Court		2,718	2,718	2,718		-
Board of Finance		1,500	1,500	757		743
Finance Office		163,860	163,860	156,393		7,467
Tax Collector		66,852	66,852	64,776		2,076
Board of Assessment Appeals		1,275	1,275	143		1,132
Town Clerk		105,120	105,120	101,176		3,944
Assessor		91,386	91,386	84,216		7,170
Auditor		55,000	65,000	65,000		-
Town Report		1,000	1,000	530		470
Computer Services		168,172	168,172	149,077		19,095
Town Hall		89,827	89,827	85,313		4,514
Insurance		138,349	138,349	119,391		18,958
Total General Government		1,127,431	1,148,708	1,076,897		71,811
Public Safety:						
Police Services		366,000	393,405	393,405		-
Lebanon Volunteer Fire Department		235,120	235,120	235,120		-
Fire Marshall		25,644	25,644	23,846		1,798
Burning Official		3,610	3,610	2,312		1,298
Building Department		38,685	40,748	40,748		-
Fire Safety Complex		39,611	40,733	40,733		-
Total Public Safety		708,670	739,260	736,164		3,096
Public Works:						
Department of Public Works		900,000	900,000	809,616		90,384
Buildings and Grounds		180,143	180,143	158,462		21,681
Snow Removal		250,000	250,000	178,739		71,261
Street Lights		3,700	3,700	1,840		1,860
Solid Waste Facility		206,371	207,249	207,249		-
Water Pollution Control		2,000	2,000	2,000		-
Cemetery Commission		20,891	20,891	 14,301		6,590
Total Public Works		1,563,105	1,563,983	1,372,207		191,776
Health and Social:						
Health Department		49,866	49,866	49,865		1
Human Services		40,598	40,598	38,316		2,282
WCMH Paramedic Program		35,300	35,300	29,750		5,550
United Services		5,143	5,143	5,143		-
Dispatch Switch Board		18,465	18,465	18,444		21
Special Events		3,100	3,100	2,631		469
Senior Center Operations		85,480	85,480	81,132		4,348
Total Health and Social		237,952	237,952	225,281		12,671

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual	riance with
Community Preservation:		_			_	
Planning and Zoning	\$	162,614	\$	162,614	\$ 161,036	\$ 1,578
Zoning Board of Appeals		4,500		4,500	474	4,026
Economic Development Commission		2,000		2,000	1,715	285
Inland Wetlands		3,764		3,764	3,579	185
Conservation Commission		250		250	175	75
Total Community Preservation		173,128		173,128	166,979	6,149
Unclassified and Program:						
Social Security		138,052		138,052	124,694	13,358
Medical Life Dental Insurance		389,232		389,232	378,215	11,017
Pension Plan		263,422		263,422	252,144	11,278
Unemployment Compensation		5,500		5,500	248	5,252
Contingency		165,000		112,255	-	112,255
Total Unclassified and Program		961,206		908,461	755,301	153,160
Education		20,500,000		20,440,195	20,437,239	2,956
Total Expenditures		25,271,492		25,211,687	24,770,068	441,619
Other Financing Uses:						
Transfers Out:	\$	2,129,340	\$	2,939,145	\$ 2,939,145	\$ -
Total Other Financing Uses		2,129,340		2,939,145	2,939,145	-
Total Expenditures and Other						
Financing Uses	\$	27,400,832	\$	28,150,832	\$ 27,709,213	\$ 441,619
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expensions of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut on-behalf contributions the Connecticut on-behalf	connecte e not b	cticut State oudgeted.	ers		\$ 2,888,309	
OPEB System for Town teachers are not budgeted.					40,852	
The Town does not budget for Dog Fund expenditure	es				23,568	
The Town does not budget for Recreation Commissi	ion Fu	nd expenditures			109,087	
The Town does not budget for Emergency Managen			S		4,197	
The Town budgets for certain transfers that are nette GAAP purposes	eu wili	i otilei iulius ioi			(105,521)	
The Board of Education does not budget for certain grants that are credited against education expendi reporting; these amounts are recorded as revenue	tures f	or budgetary	r		(100,021)	
financial reporting purposes.		,			200,285	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Rep of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Ba			nt			
Governmental Funds - Exhibit IV					\$ 30,869,990	

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.18%	0.18%	0.53%	0.46%	0.55%	0.51%	0.51%	0.48%	0.48%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,525,199	\$ 1,258,502	\$ 2,087,431	\$ 1,697,224	\$ 2,096,705	\$ 848,408	\$ 1,007,396	\$ 656,951	\$ 465,732
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,582,122	\$ 1,540,885	\$ 1,482,294	\$ 1,308,427	\$ 1,428,633	\$ 1,395,698	\$ 1,330,633	\$ 1,250,271	\$ 1,234,868
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	159.61%	81.67%	140.82%	129.71%	146.76%	60.79%	75.71%	52.54%	37.72%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.71%	82.59%	71.18%	72.69%	73.60%	91.68%	88.29%	92.72%	90.48%

*Notes:

⁻ This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

⁻ The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 252,144	\$ 260,083	\$ 221,603	\$ 186,058	\$ 167,721	\$ 163,855	\$ 151,426	\$ 142,281	\$ 147,937
Determined Contribution	252,144	260,083	221,603	186,058	167,721	163,855	151,426	142,281	147,937
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,582,122	\$ 1,540,885	\$ 1,482,294	\$ 1,308,427	\$ 1,428,633	\$ 1,395,698	\$ 1,330,633	\$ 1,250,271	\$ 1,234,868
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	15.94%	16.88%	14.95%	14.22%	11.74%	11.74%	11.38%	11.38%	11.98%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: June 30, 2022 Measurement Date: June 30, 2022

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, each biennium for the fiscal years ending two and three years after the valuation date.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization Method

Single Equivalent Amortization Period

Asset Valuation Method

Inflation

Salary Increases

Investment Rate of Return

Change in Assumptions:

Entry Age Normal Level Dollar. Closed

20 Years

5-Years Smoothed Market

2.50%

3.50% - 10.00%, Including Inflation

7.00%, Net of Investment-Related Expense

In 2019, the latest experience study for the System updated most of the actuarial assumptions utilized in the June 30, 2020 valuation to include: rates of inflation, real investment return mortality, withdrawal, disability, retirement and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2017.

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS*

	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	 2018	2017	 2016	 2015
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the Town	\$ 36,633,752	\$ 28,947,248	\$ 36,549,165	\$ 34,078,497	\$ 26,276,501	\$ 23,087,407	\$ 24,357,391	\$ 21,730,557	\$ 20,085,545
Total	\$ 36,633,752	\$ 28,947,248	\$ 36,549,165	\$ 34,078,497	\$ 26,276,501	\$ 23,087,407	\$ 24,357,391	\$ 21,730,557	\$ 20,085,545
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,219,023	\$ 9,025,052	\$ 8,441,927	\$ 8,762,096	\$ 8,626,240	\$ 7,317,885	\$ 7,053,387	\$ 8,077,364	\$ 7,785,412
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	54.06%	60.77%	49.24%	52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%	61.51%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in Benefit Terms Legislation was passed restoring the 25% wear down of Plan N benefits to vested members as of June 30, 2019.

Changes of Assumptions None
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percent of pay, closed, grading to a level dollar amortization method for the June 30, 2024 valuation.

Single Equivalent Amortization Period 27.8 Years

Asset Valuation Method Four-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.00%-6.50%, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.90%, Net of Investment-Related Expense

Notes:

- * This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.
- The measurement date is one year earlier than the employer's reporting date.

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT OPEB SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability:	 					
Service Cost	\$ 31,814	\$ 39,936	\$ 69,719	\$ 50,453	\$ 72,682	\$ 72,176
Interest	111,433	80,081	67,206	91,815	123,385	115,194
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(941,784)	(36,453)	611,229	(13,615)	(184,483)	(17,430)
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	(536,637)	-
Changes of Assumptions	(310,502)	(525,186)	79,711	400,482	74,460	(103,082)
Benefit Payments	 (99,544)	(120,363)	(142,724)	(103,685)	(95,519)	 (98,183)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 (1,208,583)	(561,985)	685,141	425,450	 (546,112)	 (31,325)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 3,165,360	3,727,345	3,042,204	2,616,754	 3,162,866	 3,194,191
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	 1,956,777	3,165,360	3,727,345	 3,042,204	 2,616,754	 3,162,866
Covered Payroll	\$ 9,043,947	\$ 9,368,884	\$ 9,149,301	\$ 10,521,286	\$ 10,254,665	\$ 8,420,700
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	21.64%	33.79%	40.74%	28.91%	25.52%	37.56%

^{*} Note: This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT OPEB

SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Town's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Town's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the Town	 3,208,276	3,153,750	5,451,309	5,314,734	5,252,871	 5,942,421
Total	\$ 3,208,276	\$ 3,153,750	\$ 5,451,309	\$ 5,314,734	\$ 5,252,871	\$ 5,942,421
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,219,023	\$ 9,025,052	\$ 8,441,927	\$ 8,762,096	\$ 8,626,240	\$ 7,317,885
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	9.46%	6.11%	2.50%	2.08%	1.49%	1.79%

Notes to Schedule Changes in Benefit Terms Changes of Assumptions

There was a change in the maximum monthly subsidy amounts offered to retirees and their dependents from \$110/\$220 to \$220/\$440. Based on the procedure described in GASB 74, the discount rate used to measure plan obligations for financial accounting purposes as of June 30, 2022 was updated to equal the SEIR of 3.53% as of June 30, 2022; expected annual per capita claims costs were updated to better reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience; the assumed age-related annual percentage increases in expected annual per capita health care claims costs were updated; long-term health care cost trend rates were updated; and the percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan options were updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Investment Rate of Return Price Inflation

Level Percent of Payroll over an Open Period 30 Years

Market value of Assets

3.00%, Net of Investment Related Expense Including Price Inflation

2.50%

Entry Age

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2023

	Gen	eral		Dog Fund		ecreation ommission Fund	Man	ergency agement Fund	Elii	minations		Total
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables Prepaid Items Due from Other Funds	2,3	211,537 876,055 888,011 66,801 507,696	\$	- - - - 1,655	\$	17,581 - 1,100 - 18,829	\$	- - - 9,320	\$	- - - - (29,804)	\$	11,229,118 2,376,055 689,111 66,801 507,696
Total Assets	\$ 14,8	350,100	\$	1,655	\$	37,510	\$	9,320	\$	(29,804)	\$	14,868,781
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts and Other Payables Accrued Liabilities		341,417 108,555	\$	-	\$	7,711 -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	349,128 108,555
Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue	7,2	286,590		- -		2,230		- -		(29,804)		7,256,786 2,230
Total Liabilities	7,7	36,562		-		9,941		-		(29,804)		7,716,699
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	3	347,089		_		_		_		_		347,089
Unavailable Revenue - Tax Interest	1	07,952		-		-		-		-		107,952
Advance Property Tax Collections	5	87,388		<u> </u>								587,388
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,0)42,429		-		-		-		-		1,042,429
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		66,801		_		_		_		_		66,801
Committed		-		1,655		27,569		9,320		-		38,544
Unassigned	6,0	004,308		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				6,004,308
Total Fund Balances	6,0	71,109		1,655		27,569		9,320		-		6,109,653
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund	6 446	DEO 400	¢.	4 GET	¢	27.540	c	0.220	¢	(20.804)	r.	44.000.704
Balances	\$ 14,8	350,100	\$	1,655	\$	37,510	\$	9,320	\$	(29,804)	\$	14,868,781

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Dog	Recreation Commission	Emergency Management		
	General	Fund	Fund	Fund	Eliminations	Total
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 20,443,807	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,443,807
Intergovernmental	8,724,514	-	-	-	-	8,724,514
Charges for Services	1,984,377	2,835	46,867	-	-	2,034,079
Investment Income	277,692	-	3	-	-	277,695
Other Revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	31,430,390	2,835	46,870	-	-	31,480,095
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government	1,914,407	-	-	4,197	-	1,918,604
Public Safety Services	695,416	23,568	-	-	-	718,984
Public Works	1,497,725	-	-	-	-	1,497,725
Education	23,566,684	-	-	-	-	23,566,684
Health & Social	225,282	-	109,087	-	-	334,369
Debt Service	481,859					481,859
Total Expenditures	28,381,373	23,568	109,087	4,197		28,518,225
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF						
REVENUES OVER	2 040 047	(20.722)	(60.047)	(4.407)		2.064.070
EXPENDITURES	3,049,017	(20,733)	(62,217)	(4,197)	-	2,961,870
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers-In	-	20,869	79,652	5,000	(105,521)	-
Transfers-Out	(2,457,286)				105,521	(2,351,765)
Net Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	(2,457,286)	20,869	79,652	5,000		(2,351,765)
NET CHANGE IN FUND						
BALANCES	591,731	136	17,435	803	-	610,105
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	5,479,378	1,519	10,134	8,517		5,499,548
FUND BALANCES - END OF						
YEAR	\$ 6,071,109	\$ 1,655	\$ 27,569	\$ 9,320	\$ -	\$ 6,109,653

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds											
		Historic dings Fund	Cemetery Lots Fund	Jonathan Trumbull Library Fund	Adams Community Center Fund	Small Cities Program Fund	Unimproved Town Roads Grant Fund	Social Services Donations Fund	Summer Dance Festival Fund	Trumbull Donations Fund		
ASSETS												
Cash Investments Receivables Due From Other Funds Other	\$	10,922 - - - -	\$ 18,092 - - - -	\$ - 1,834,140 167 258,050	\$ - 960,382 - 101,112	\$ 28,415 - 1,014,353 - -	\$ - - - 106,949	\$ - 119 161,759	\$ - - 17,901	\$ - - 191,172		
Total Assets	\$	10,922	\$ 18,092	\$ 2,092,357	\$ 1,061,494	\$ 1,042,768	\$ 106,949	\$ 161,878	\$ 17,901	\$ 191,172		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES Accounts and Other Payables/Due to State Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue	\$	- - -	\$ - -	\$ 14,491 - -	\$ 926 - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 2,376	\$ 660	\$ 1,617 - -		
Total Liabilities		-	-	14,491	926	-	-	2,376	660	1,617		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Sewer Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable Lease Receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	1,014,353 	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -			
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		- - 10,922 -	- - 18,092 -	2,077,866 -	1,060,568 -	- 28,415 - -	- 106,949 - -	- 159,502 - -	- - 17,241 -	- 189,555 - -		
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	10,922	18,092 \$ 18,092	2,077,866 \$ 2,092,357	1,060,568 \$ 1,061,494	\$ 1,042,768	106,949 \$ 106,949	159,502 \$ 161,878	17,241 \$ 17,901	\$ 191,172		

				Special Revenue Funds										
	Senior Vans Program Fund	Special Purpose Fund	EL Reichard Nursing Scholarship Fund		School Scholarship Fund		COVID-19 Fund		Educational Grants Fund		Student Activity Fund		School Lunch Program Fund	WPCA Operating Fund
ASSETS														
Cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$; -	\$	-	\$	340,081	\$	253,113	\$	243,668	\$ 100
Investments	-	-	225		51,764		-		-		11,164		-	-
Receivables	11,226	-	-		-		-		274,779		-		101,078	32,364
Due From Other Funds	114,285	44,184	-		-		72,299		-		-		-	408,092
Other	 -	6,188		_	-	_	-		-				21,293	-
Total Assets	\$ 125,511	\$ 50,372	\$ 225	\$	51,764	\$	72,299	\$	614,860	\$	264,277	\$	366,039	\$ 440,556
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES														
LIABILITIES														
Accounts and Other Payables/Due to State	\$ 4,157	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,127	\$	-	\$	35,493	\$ 12,642
Due to Other Funds	-	-	68		-		-		505,144		-		-	-
Unearned Revenue	 -	 -	-	_	-		-		74,358		-		-	 32,771
Total Liabilities	4,157	-	68		-		-		582,629		-		35,493	45,413
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable Revenue - Sewer Receivable	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	29,150
Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable	-	-	-		-		-		261,433		-		-	-
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Lease Receivable	 -	 			-		-						_	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	-		-		-		261,433		-		-	29,150
FUND BALANCES														
Nonspendable	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Restricted	-	50,372	157		51,764		72,299		-		-		-	-
Committed	121,354	-	-		-		-		-		264,277		330,546	365,993
Unassigned	 	-	-		-		-		(229,202)		-		-	-
Total Fund Balances	 121,354	 50,372	157	_	51,764	_	72,299		(229,202)		264,277		330,546	365,993
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 125,511	\$ 50,372	\$ 225	\$	5 51,764	\$	72,299	\$	614,860	\$	264,277	\$	366,039	\$ 440,556

		Special Re	venue Funds		Capital Projects Fund	ds	Permanent Funds					
ASSETS	_	Town Grants Fund	Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	Town Improvement Fund	BOE Non-Lapsing Fund	Communication Infrastructure Fund	Mary Chase Library Fund	Town School Prizes Fund	Lathrop Senior Vans Donation Fund	Lathrop Senior Center Donation Fund		
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,												
Cash	\$	-	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	¥	\$ -	\$ -		
Investments Receivables		-			-	316,463	10,685	2,381	3,479	13,917		
Due From Other Funds		16,488	2,582,54	0 261,374	287,183	70,660	2,327	519	729	855		
Other		-		<u>- </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						
Total Assets	\$	16,488	\$ 2,582,54	0 \$ 261,374	\$ 287,183	\$ 387,123	\$ 13,012	\$ 2,900	\$ 4,208	\$ 14,772		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts and Other Payables/Due to State	\$	-	\$ 18,46	8 \$ 12,471	\$ 8,973	\$ 98	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Due to Other Funds		-			-	-	-	-	-	-		
Unearned Revenue		-		<u>-</u>				· <u> </u>				
Total Liabilities		-	18,46	8 12,471	8,973	98	-	-	-	-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable Revenue - Sewer Receivable		-			-	-	-	-	-	-		
Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable		-			-	-	-	-	-	-		
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		-			-	-	-	-	-	-		
Lease Receivable		-		<u>- </u>	-	308,988		-				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-			-	308,988	-	-	-	-		
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		-			-	-	-	-	2,580	10,319		
Restricted		16,488			-	-	13,012	2,900	1,628	4,453		
Committed		-	2,564,07	2 248,903	278,210	78,037	-	-	-	-		
Unassigned		-		<u>- </u>	-							
Total Fund Balances		16,488	2,564,07	2 248,903	278,210	78,037	13,012	2,900	4,208	14,772		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	16,488	\$ 2,582,54	0 \$ 261,374	\$ 287,183	\$ 387,123	\$ 13,012	\$ 2,900	\$ 4,208	\$ 14,772		

	Permanent Funds											
	Au	Flegert usberger Library Fund	Cummings Scholarship Fund	George Lyman Scholarship Fund	Oliver and Lucille Manning Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	Helen Rodgers Scholarship Fund	Waterman Wilson Library Fund	Lebanon School Prizes Fund	Flora Williams Library Fund		
ASSETS												
Cash	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Investments		3,404	262,262	56,838	19,820	14,030	12,373	12,408	8,518	9,317		
Receivables		- 817	-	-	- 0.000	-	-	-	- 0.004	-		
Due From Other Funds Other		817	-	-	3,868	-	-	-	2,261	-		
						_						
Total Assets	\$	4,221	\$ 262,262	\$ 56,838	\$ 23,688	\$ 14,030	\$ 12,373	\$ 12,408	\$ 10,779	\$ 9,317		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts and Other Payables/Due to State	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Due to Other Funds		-	605	131	-	549	33	1,120	-	-		
Unearned Revenue		-		-	-	-			-			
Total Liabilities		-	605	131	-	549	33	1,120	-	-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable Revenue - Sewer Receivable		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Lease Receivable		-		-	-	-		-				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		1,000	197,045	42,705	10,000	10,541	10,000	8,360	6,400	7,000		
Restricted		3,221	64,612	14,002	13,688	2,940	2,340	2,928	4,379	2,317		
Committed		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Unassigned		-	-	-				-				
Total Fund Balances		4,221	261,657	56,707	23,688	13,481	12,340	11,288	10,779	9,317		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		4.00 :						40.155				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	4,221	\$ 262,262	\$ 56,838	\$ 23,688	\$ 14,030	\$ 12,373	\$ 12,408	\$ 10,779	\$ 9,317		

						F	Permanent Funds									
	Sc	lizabeth Grant holarship Fund	T Cer	'illiam aylor metery ⁻ und	Royal O. Woodard Scholarship Fund		Town Deposit Fund		Dorothy Hinckley Scholarship Fund		Local School Fund		Vernon Boothby Library Fund	Eliminations	C.	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS																
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	Ψ	6,564	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$ -	\$	901,955
Investments		2,929		1,331	5,846		-		6,156		-		-	-		3,303,369
Receivables		-		-			-		-		-		-	-		1,750,549
Due From Other Funds		-		-			-		-		1,937		-	-		4,707,361
Other					-							_				27,481
Total Assets	\$	2,929	\$	1,331	\$ 5,846	\$	6,564	\$	6,156	\$	1,937	\$	1,000	\$ -	\$	10,690,715
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES																
LIABILITIES																
Accounts and Other Payables/Due to State	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	. \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	115,499
Due to Other Funds		21		-	25		-		-		-		-	-		507,696
Unearned Revenue		-		-	-		-	_	-	_	-	_	-			107,129
Total Liabilities		21		-	25		-		-		-		-	-		730,324
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
Unavailable Revenue - Sewer Receivable		-		-			-		-		-		-	-		29,150
Unavailable Revenue - Grants Receivable		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		261,433
Unavailable Revenue - Loans Receivable		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-		1,014,353
Lease Receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-	-		<u> </u>	_	-		-	_	<u>-</u>	-		308,988 1,613,924
FUND BALANCES																
Nonspendable		4,216		1,000	6,050		6,564		5,000		1,937		1,000	-		331,717
Restricted		-		331			-		1,156		-		-	-		809,408
Committed		-		-			-		-		-		-	-		7,436,081
Unassigned		(1,308)			(229				-		=	_				(230,739)
Total Fund Balances		2,908		1,331	5,821		6,564	_	6,156		1,937	_	1,000		. —	8,346,467
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,929	\$	1,331	\$ 5,846	\$	6,564	\$	6,156	\$	1,937	\$	1,000	\$ -	\$	10,690,715

					;	Special Revenue Fur	nds			
		Historic Buildings Fund		Jonathan Trumbull	Adams	Small Cities	Unimproved Town Roads	Social Services	Summer Dance	Trumbull
				Library Fund	Community Center Fund	Program Fund	Grant Fund	Donations Fund	Festival Fund	Donations Fund
REVENUES	Build	anigo i unu	Lots Fund	1 dild	Ochici i una	T dild	Tuliu	1 unu	1 unu	1 dila
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,203	\$ -	\$ 14,485	\$ 38,301	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,000
Charges for Services		-	5,000	889	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Income (Loss)		-	-	93,482	48,595	-	-	-	-	-
Other		-	-	5,024	-	-	-	38,222	15,071	-
Total Revenues		-	5,000	102,598	48,595	14,485	38,301	38,222	15,071	24,000
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General Government		-	9,675	414,248	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health & Social		-	-	-	-	37,500	-	25,999	-	918
Community Preservation		-	-	-	16,631	-	-	-	15,664	27,807
Debt Service		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-					7,888	-	-	
Total Expenditures		-	9,675	414,248	16,631	37,500	7,888	25,999	15,664	28,725
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES		-	(4,675)	(311,650)	31,964	(23,015)) 30,413	12,223	(593)	(4,725)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers-In		-	-	335,000	100	-	-	-	-	
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	335,000	100				-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(4,675)	23,350	32,064	(23,015)	30,413	12,223	(593)	(4,725)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		10,922	22,767	2,054,516	1,028,504	51,430	76,536	147,279	17,834	194,280
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	10,922	\$ 18,092	\$ 2,077,866	\$ 1,060,568	\$ 28,415	\$ 106,949	\$ 159,502	\$ 17,241	\$ 189,555

					;	Special Revenue Fun	ds			
		Senior Vans Program Fund	Special Purpose Fund	EL Reichard Nursing Scholarship Fund	School Scholarship Fund	COVID-19 Fund	Educational Grants Fund	Student Activity Fund	School Lunch Program Fund	WPCA Operating Fund
REVENUES	_			_		_				
Intergovernmental	\$	33,679		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,483,643		\$ 577,013	
Charges for Services		2,787	2,180	-	-	-	-	237,014	39,109	156,285
Investment Income (Loss)		-	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other		-			-	·		-	-	
Total Revenues		36,466	32,667	35	-	-	1,483,643	237,014	616,122	156,285
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General Government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	193,088
Education		-	-	-	-	-	1,263,707	198,682	612,848	-
Health & Social		117,194	-	500	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Preservation		-	919	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-	13,830			-	-	-		
Total Expenditures		117,194	14,749	500	-	-	1,263,707	198,682	612,848	193,088
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES		(80,728)	17,918	(465)	-	-	219,936	38,332	3,274	(36,803)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers-In		70,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		70,000	-	_	-	-	-		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(10,728)	17,918	(465)	-	-	219,936	38,332	3,274	(36,803)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		132,082	32,454	622	51,764	72,299	(449,138)	225,945	327,272	402,796
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	121,354	\$ 50,372	\$ 157	\$ 51,764	\$ 72,299	\$ (229,202)	\$ 264,277	\$ 330,546	\$ 365,993

	 Special Rev	venue Funds		Capital Project Fund	S		Permane	ent Funds	
	Town Grants Fund	Capital and Nonrecurring Fund	Town Improvement Fund	BOE Non-Lapsing Fund	Communication Infrastructure Fund	Mary Chase Library Fund	Town School Prizes Fund	Lathrop Senior Vans Donation Fund	Lathrop Senior Center Donation Fund
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$ 9,689	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for Services	-	13,195	-	-	29,910	-	-	-	-
Investment Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-	-	540	120	176	703
Other	 14,262			-					
Total Revenues	23,951	13,195	-	-	29,910	540	120	176	703
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General Government	7,463	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health & Social	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Preservation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	113,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	1,702,489	134,618	114,528	2,232				
Total Expenditures	 7,463	1,815,489	134,618	114,528	2,232	-	-	-	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	16,488	(1,802,294)	(134,618)	(114,528)	27,678	540	120	176	703
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		4 000 000	00.000	50.005					
Transfers-In	 	1,806,860	80,000	59,805	-				
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	1,806,860	80,000	59,805	-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	16,488	4,566	(54,618)	(54,723)	27,678	540	120	176	703
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 -	2,559,506	303,521	332,933	50,359	12,472	2,780	4,032	14,069
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 16,488	\$ 2,564,072	\$ 248,903	\$ 278,210	\$ 78,037	\$ 13,012	\$ 2,900	\$ 4,208	\$ 14,772

						Permanent Funds				
	Fleg Ausbe Libra Fur	erger ary	Cummings Scholarship Fund	George Lyman Scholarship Fund	Oliver and Lucille Manning Fund	Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	Helen Rodgers Scholarship Fund	Waterman Wilson Library Fund	Lebanon School Prizes Fund	Flora Williams Library Fund
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for Services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Income (Loss)		172	13,272	2,876	1,003	275	631	243	431	183
Other					·					
Total Revenues		172	13,272	2,876	1,003	275	631	243	431	183
EXPENDITURES Current										
General Government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education		-	8,156	1,768	-	-	500	-	-	-
Health & Social		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Preservation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		-								
Total Expenditures		-	8,156	1,768	-	-	500	-	-	-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		172	5,116	1,108	1,003	275	131	243	431	183
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers-In							_			_
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-			· 					
Net Other I mailting oddrees (Oses)										
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		172	5,116	1,108	1,003	275	131	243	431	183
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		4,049	256,541	55,599	22,685	13,206	12,209	11,045	10,348	9,134
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	4,221	\$ 261,657	\$ 56,707	\$ 23,688	\$ 13,481	\$ 12,340	\$ 11,288	\$ 10,779	\$ 9,317

		Permanent Funds									
	Gr Schol	Elizabeth Grant Scholarship Fund		Royal O. Woodard Scholarship Fund	Town Deposit Fund	Dorothy Hinckley Scholarship Fund	Local School Fund	Vernon Boothby Library Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
REVENUES											
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,214,500		
Charges for Services		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	486,369		
Investment Income (Loss)		168	26	311	-	-	-	-	163,242		
Other		-	-			-		-	72,579		
Total Revenues		168	26	311	-	-	-	-	2,936,690		
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
General Government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	431,386		
Public Works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	193,088		
Education		500	-	500	-	-	-	-	2,086,661		
Health & Social		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182,111		
Community Preservation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,021		
Debt Service		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113,000		
Capital Outlay		-		-		<u> </u>		-	1,975,585		
Total Expenditures		500	-	500	-	-	-	-	5,042,852		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER EXPENDITURES		(332)	26	(189)	-	-	-	-	(2,106,162)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers-In		-	-					_	2,351,765		
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-			-	-			2,351,765		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(332)	26	(189)	-	-	-	-	245,603		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		3,240	1,305	6,010	6,564	6,156	1,937	1,000	8,100,864		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	2,908	\$ 1,331	\$ 5,821	\$ 6,564	\$ 6,156	\$ 1,937	\$ 1,000	\$ 8,346,467		

SCHEDULES

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Lawful Co	orrect	ions					(Collections			_	
Grand List Year	collected Taxes / 1, 2022		Current Levy		Additions	De	eductions	Fransfers to Suspense	Adjusted Amount Collectible		Taxes		nterest and Lien Fees	To	otal		Uncollected Taxes une 30, 2023
2006	\$ 214	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 214	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2007	-		-		-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-
2008	405		-		-		-	405	-		-		-		-		-
2009	421		-		-		-	421	-		-		-		-		-
2010	247		-		-		-	247	-		-		-		-		-
2011	255		-		-		-	255	-		-		-		-		-
2012	259		-		-		-	259	-		-		-		-		-
2013	314		-		-		-	314	-		-		-		-		-
2014	319		-		-		-	319	-		-		-		-		-
2015	322		-		-		-	322	-		-		-		-		-
2016	11,039		-		-		-	1,699	9,340		1,395		738		2,133		7,945
2017	18,138		-		-		-	2,945	15,193		5,233		4,055		9,288		9,960
2018	38,996		-		-		132	3,955	34,909		18,617		8,977		27,594		16,292
2019	93,337		-		-		809	22,764	69,764		44,812		19,156		63,968		24,952
2020	 253,084	_		_	365		3,484	 4,619	 245,346	_	154,625		36,702		191,327		90,721
Total Prior																	
Years	417,350		-		365		4,425	38,738	374,552		224,682		69,628	2	294,310		149,870
2021	 _		20,379,087		43,486		105,251	 2,463	20,314,859		19,981,770		74,031	20,0	055,801		333,089
Total	\$ 417,350	\$	20,379,087	\$	43,851	\$	109,676	\$ 41,201	\$ 20,689,411	\$	20,206,452	\$	143,659	\$ 20,3	350,111	\$	482,959

TOWN OF LEBANON, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Total Tax Collections (Including Interest and Lien for the Year Ended June 30, 2022	Fees)				\$ 19,772,654
Base for Debt Limitation Computation					\$ 19,772,654
	General Purpose	Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Pension Deficit
Debt Limitation:					
2 1/4 Times Base	\$ 44,488,472	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
4 1/2 Times Base	-	88,976,943	-	-	-
3 3/4 Times Base	-	-	74,147,453	-	-
3 1/4 Times Base	-	-	-	64,261,126	-
3 Times Base					59,317,962
Total Debt Limitation	44,488,472	88,976,943	74,147,453	64,261,126	59,317,962
Indebtedness:					
Bonds Payable	4,970,000	-	-	-	-
Net Indebtedness (1) (2)	4,970,000				
Debt Limitation in Excess					
of Indebtedness	\$ 39,518,472	\$ 88,976,943	\$ 74,147,453	\$ 64,261,126	\$ 59,317,962
(1) The total of the above net indebtedness amou	nts to:				\$ 4,970,000
() dinion	-				, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
In no event shall total indebtedness exceed se	ven times the base for	debt limitation comp	utation:		\$ 138,408,578
					. ,

(2) There is no overlapping debt.